

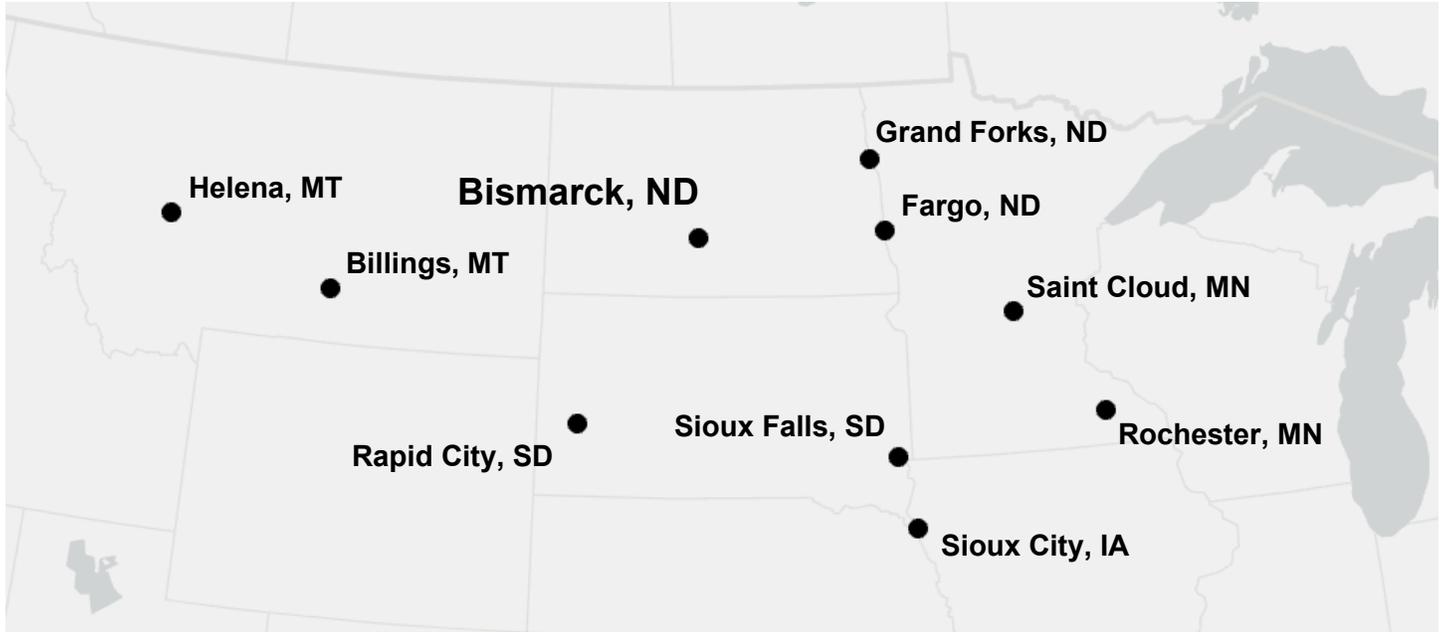


BISMARCK IN CONTEXT

Census Data for Bismarck in Relation to Peer Cities

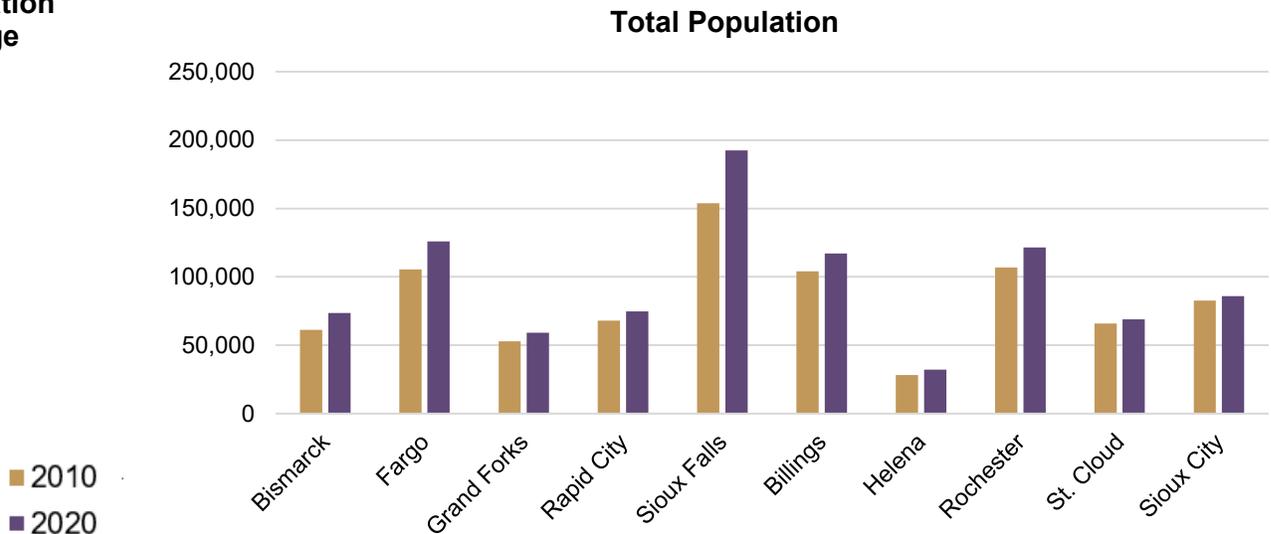
September 23, 2021

The U.S Census Bureau provides a variety of data that can be used to measure the status of our community. The following report presents the most current available data in context of communities in the region that have similar characteristics to the City of Bismarck. Data from previous years also helps identify change over time. The purpose is to provide a benchmark to help understand distinctive attributes of Bismarck.

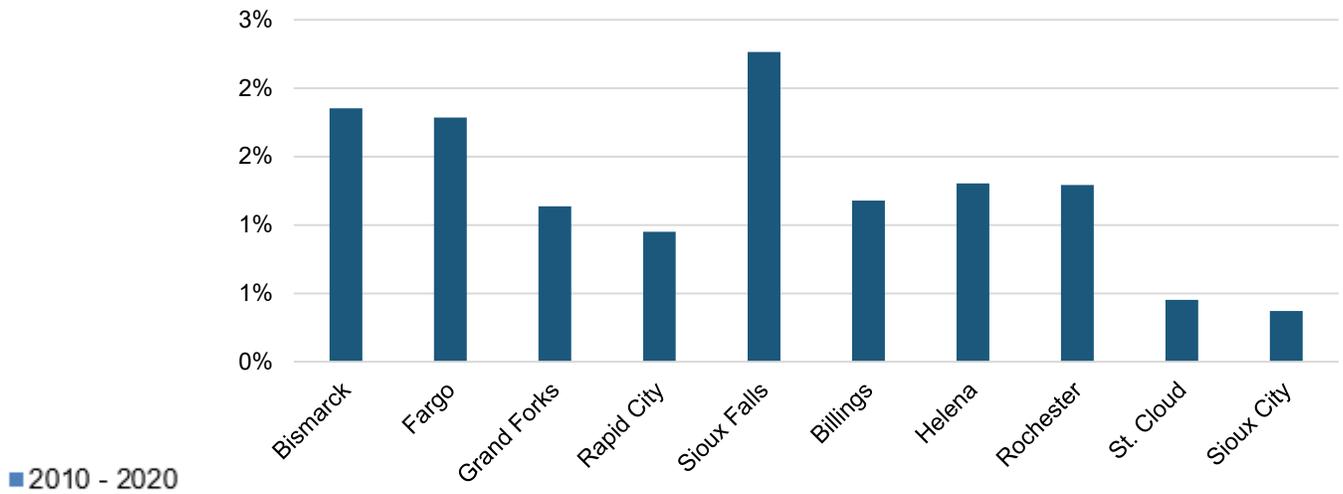


All of the charts are presented relative to population size to allow direct comparison between communities and over time. All data is from the Decennial Census or the American Community Survey 5-Year estimates, with source indicated by color and legend. The density data is derived from census population and census land area within annexed boundaries at the time of the population counts. Census Bureau sources were used for the sake of consistency, but it should be noted that more accurate data may be available from other sources for certain variables.

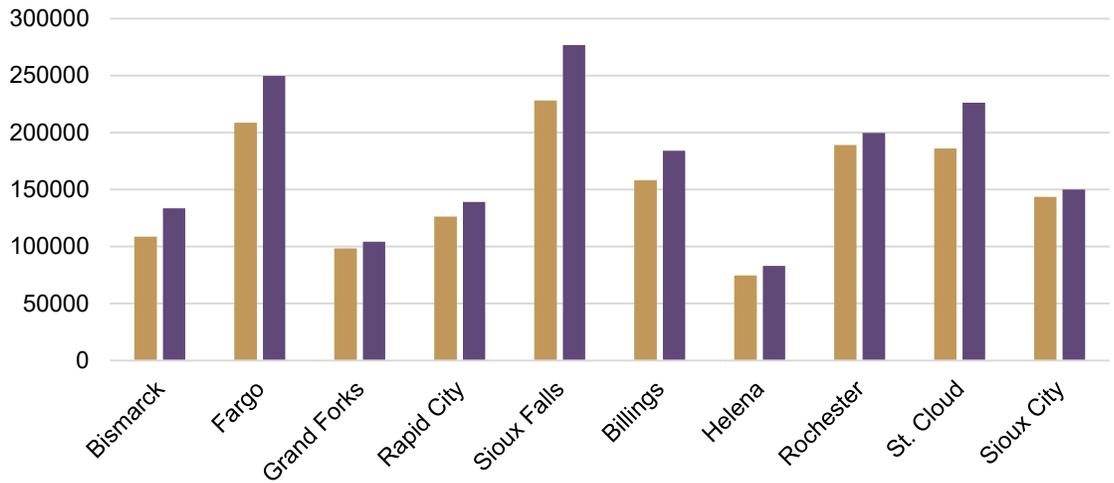
Population and Age



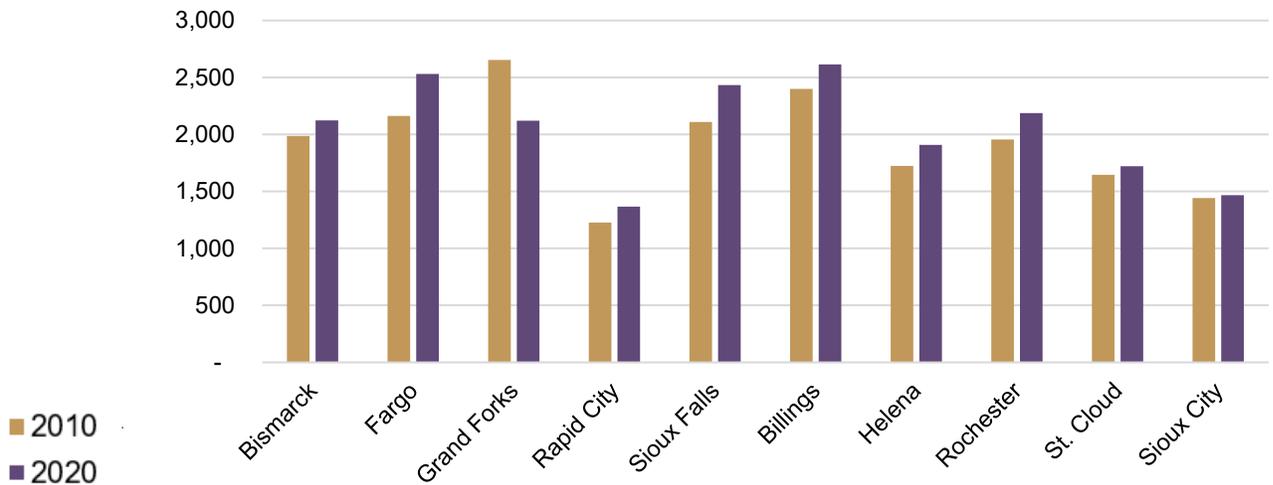
Average Annual Population Growth Rate



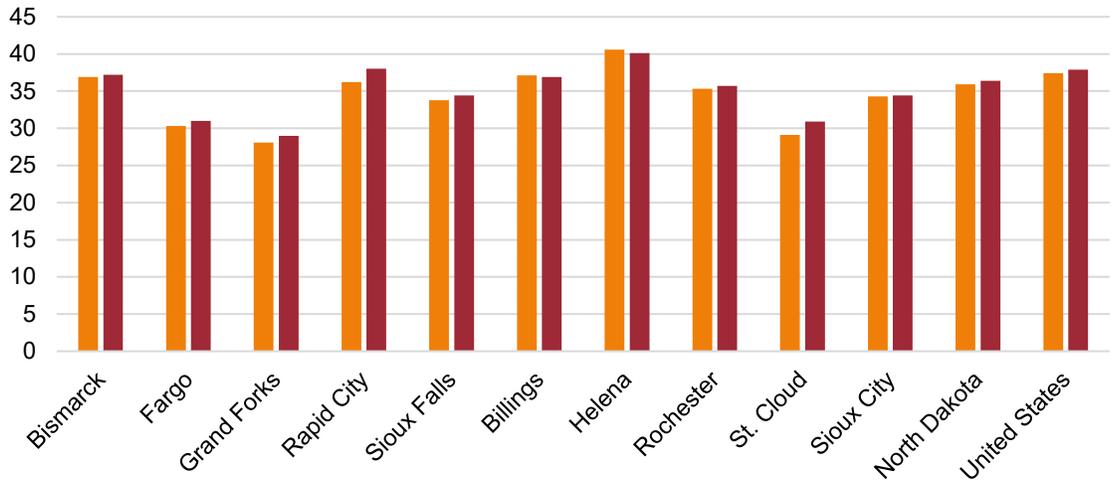
Total Population of the Metropolitan Area



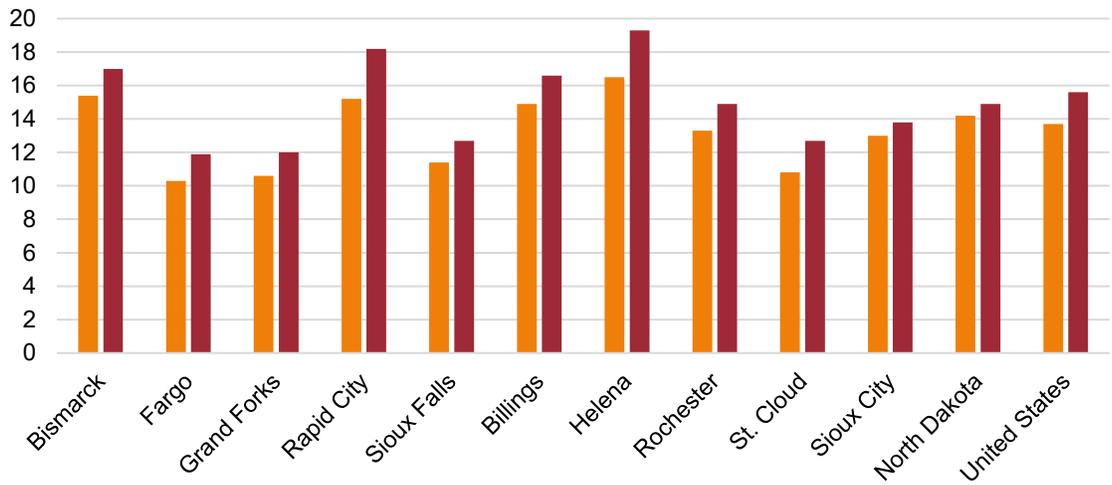
Population Density in City (people per square mile)



Median Age

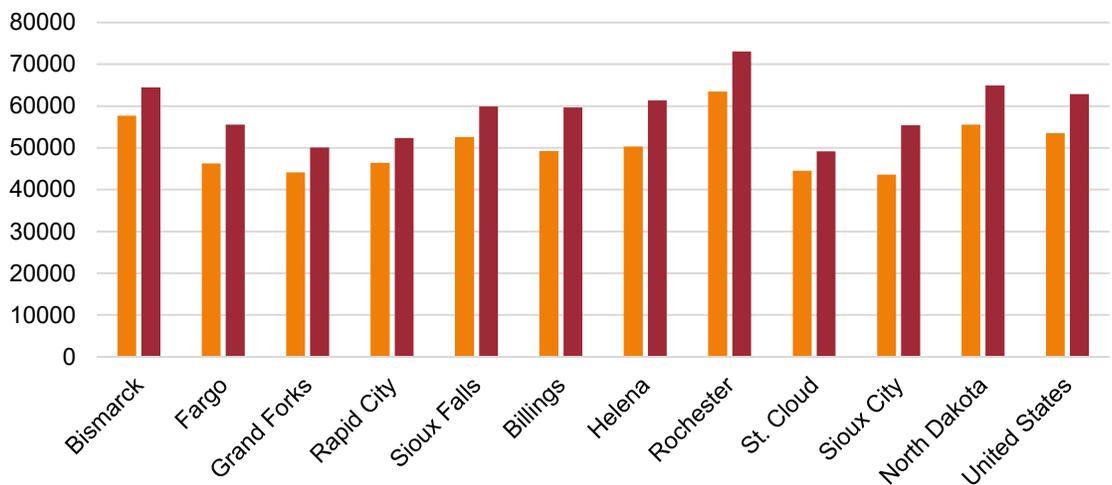


Percent of Population 65 Years and Over



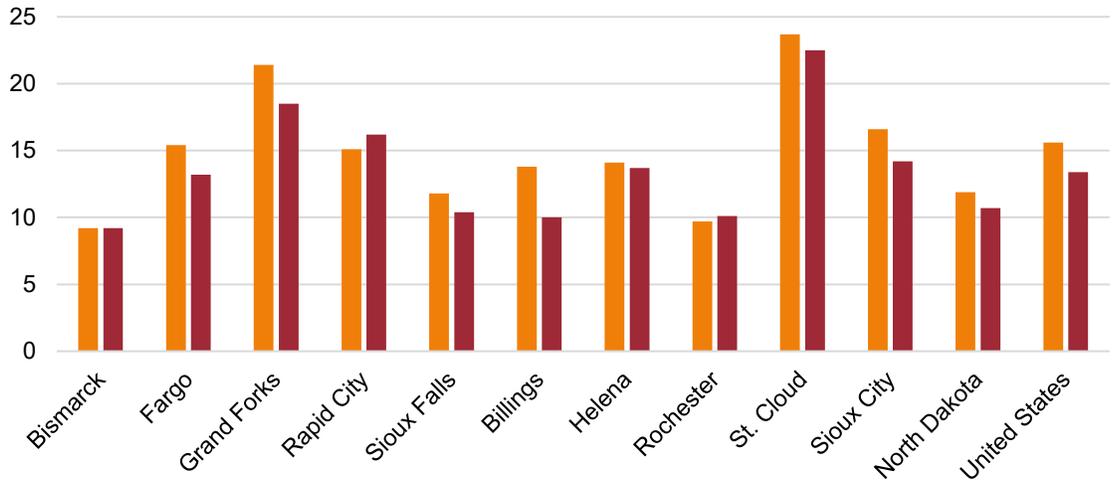
Income and Employment

Median Household Income

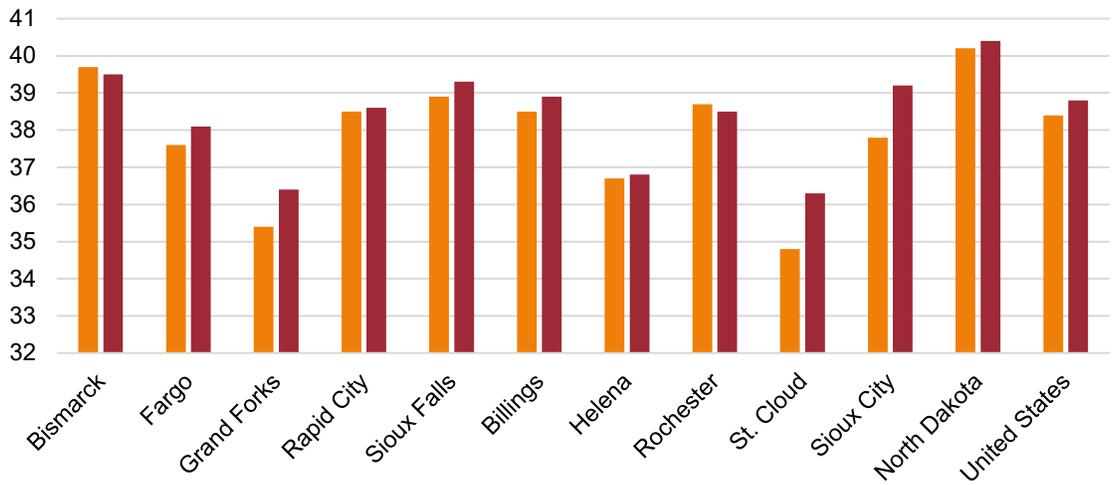


■ 2010-2014
■ 2015-2019

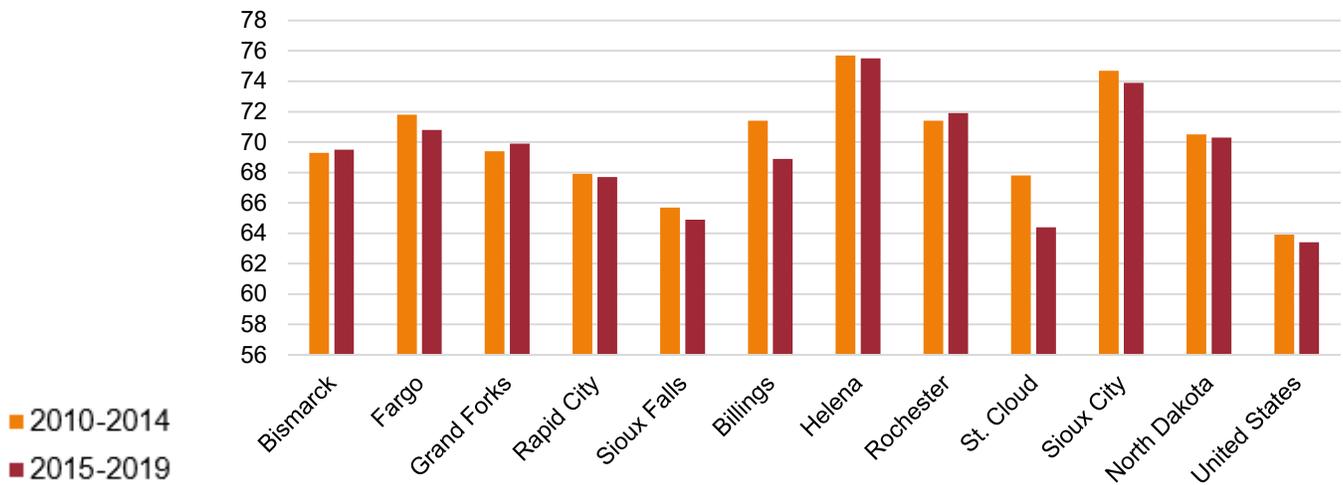
Percent of Population Below Poverty Level



Mean Hours Worked Per Week

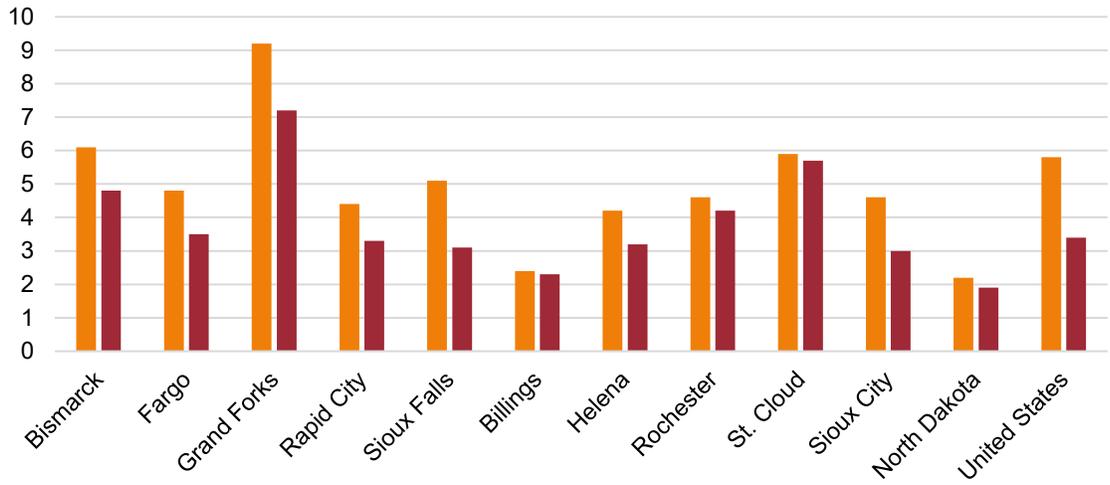


Adult Labor Force Participation Rate



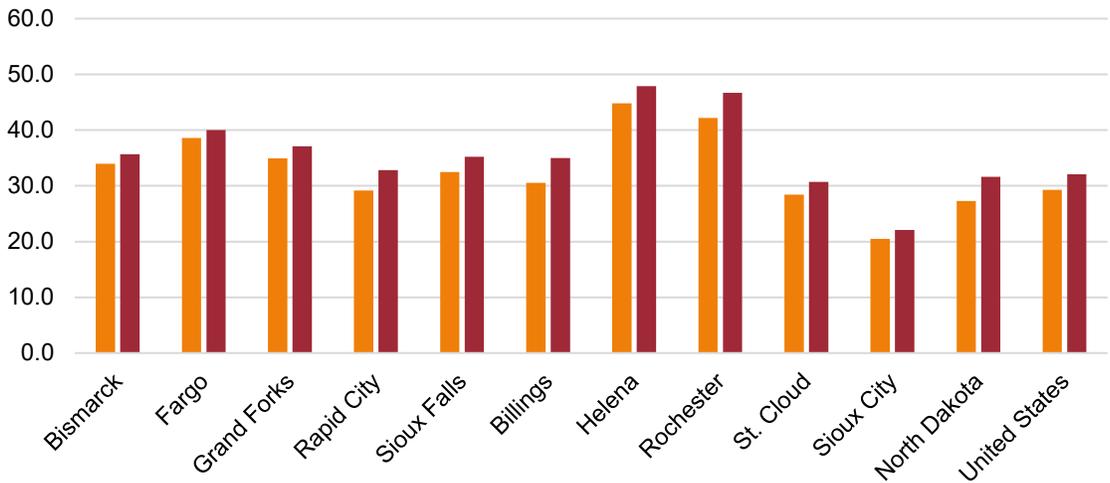
■ 2010-2014
■ 2015-2019

Percent Unemployed

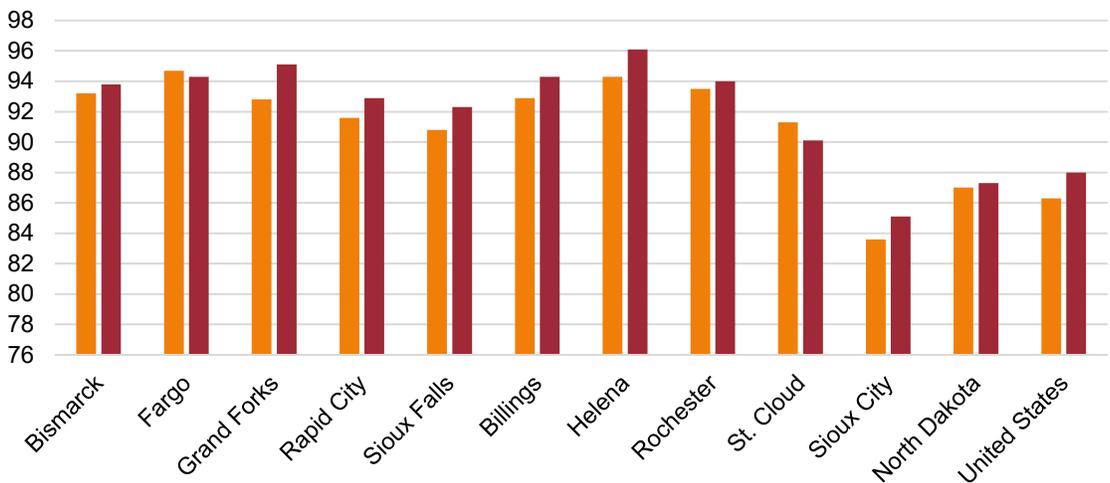


Education, Mobility, and Access

Percent of Adult Population with Bachelor's Degree or Higher

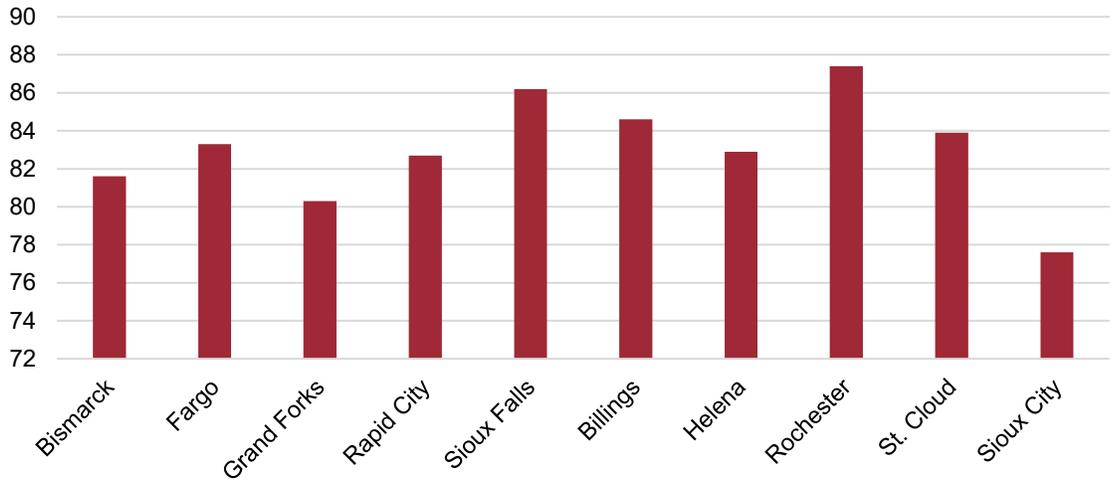


Percent of Adult Population with High School Degree or Higher

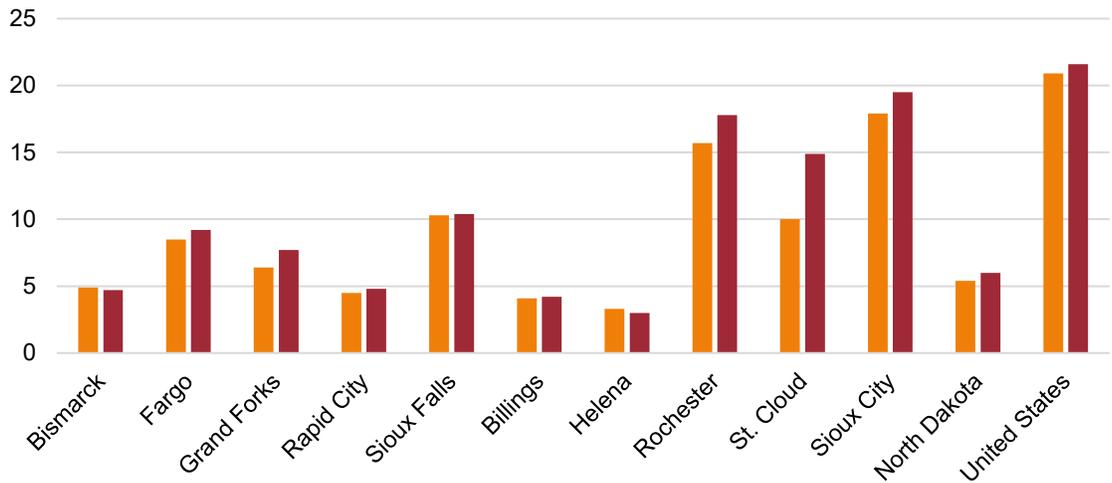


■ 2010-2014
■ 2015-2019

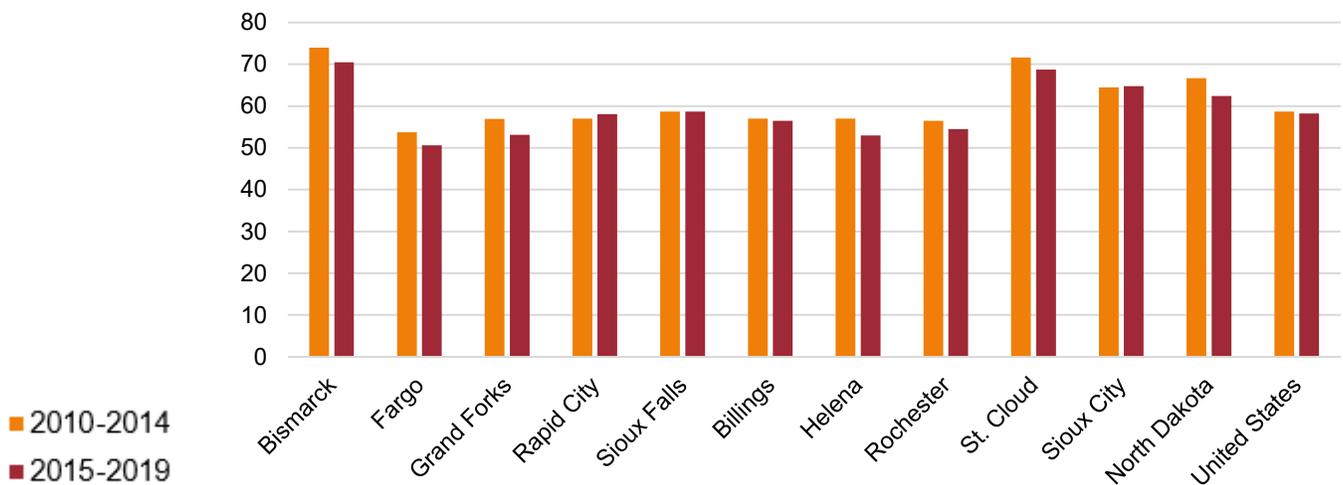
Percent of Households with Broadband Internet



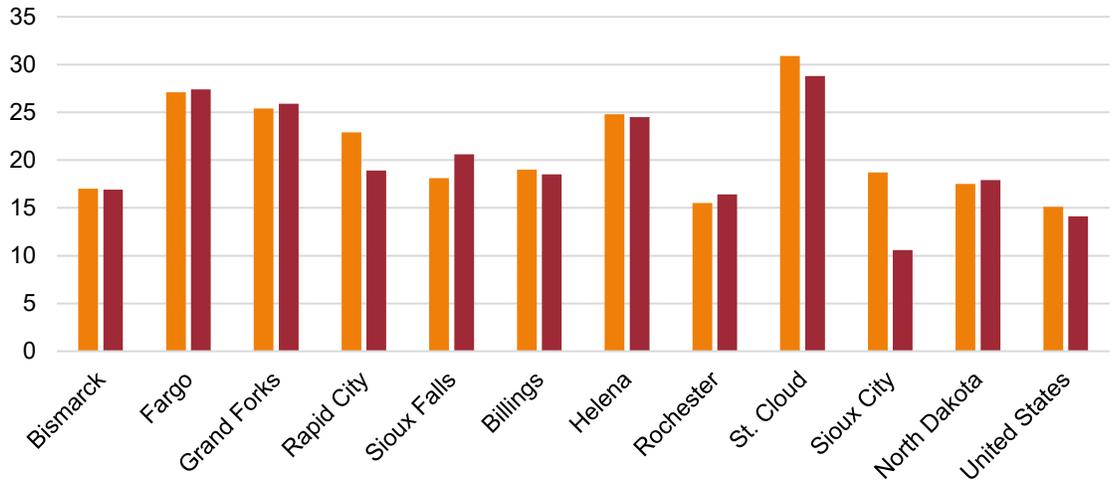
Percent that Speak Language other than English at Home



Percent Born in State of Residence

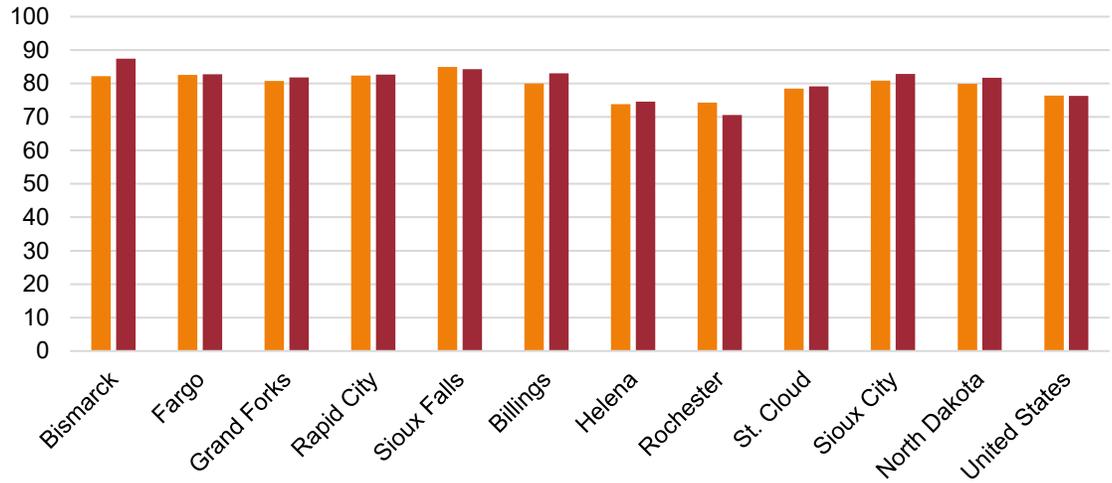


Percent of Households Moved within the Last Year

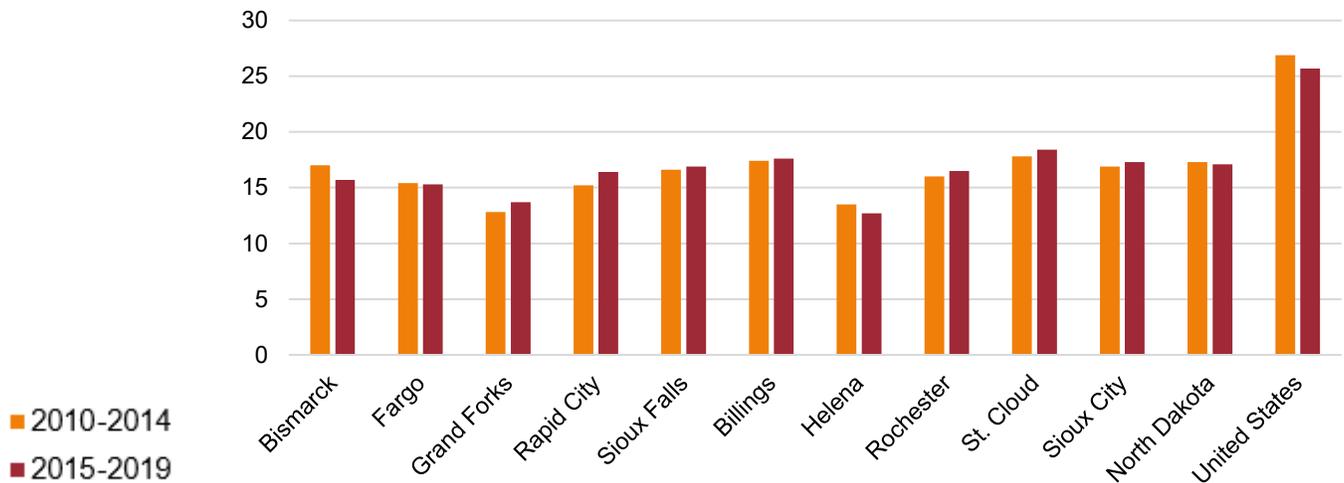


Transportation

Percent Drove Alone to Work

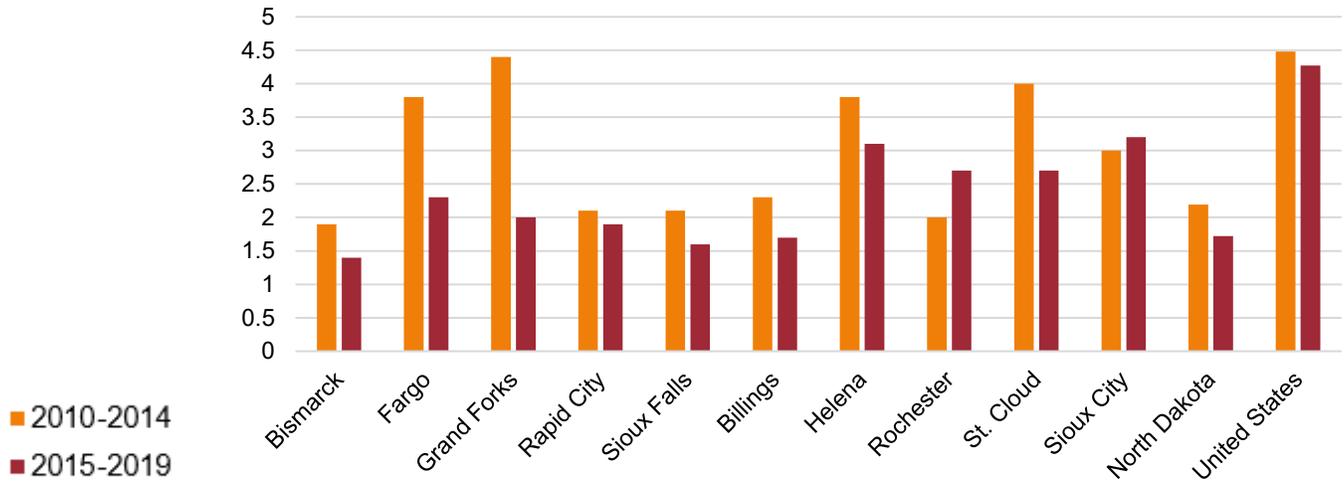


Mean Travel Time to Work



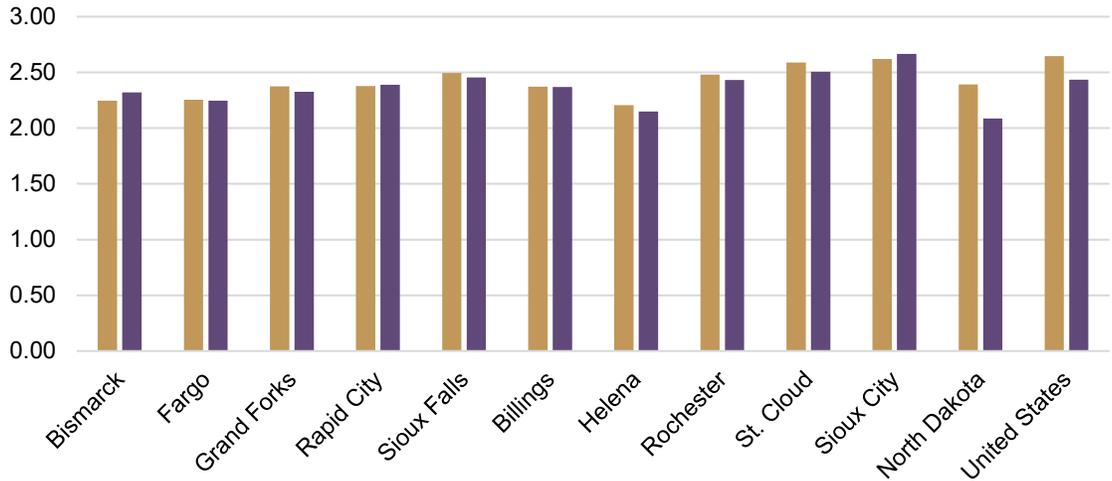
■ 2010-2014
■ 2015-2019

Percent of Workers with No Vehicle Available

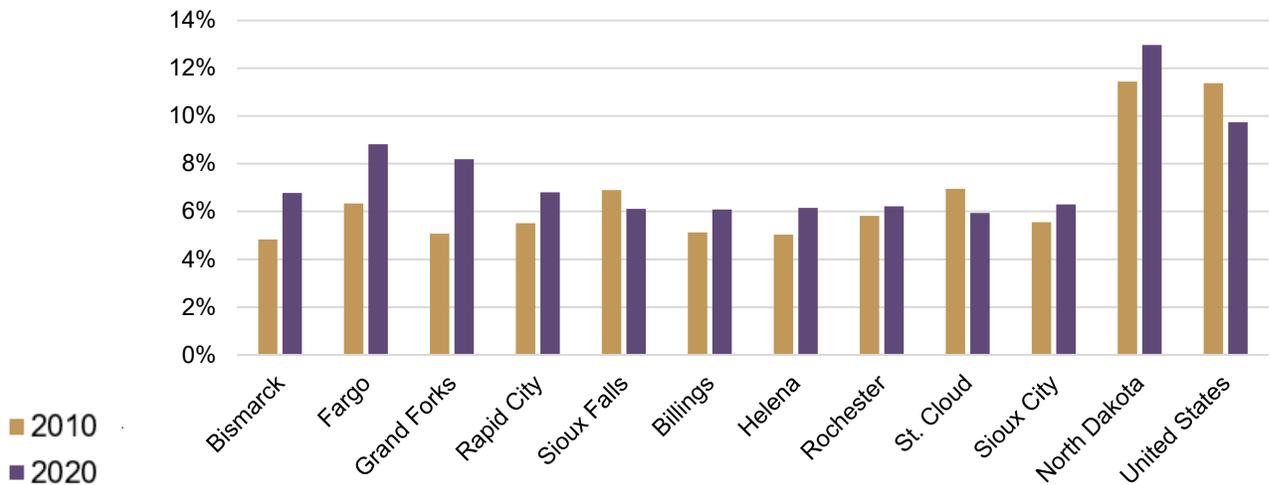


Housing

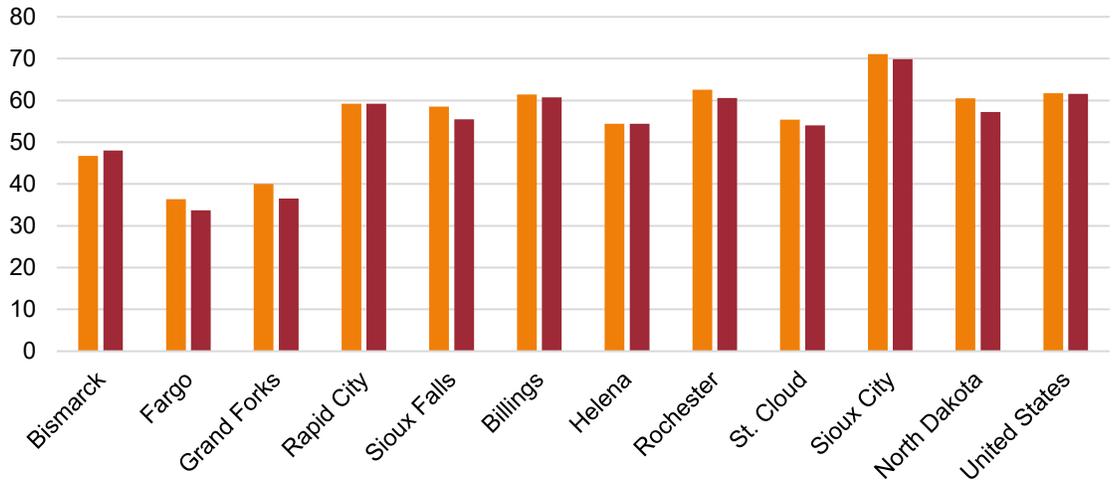
Population per Occupied Housing Unit



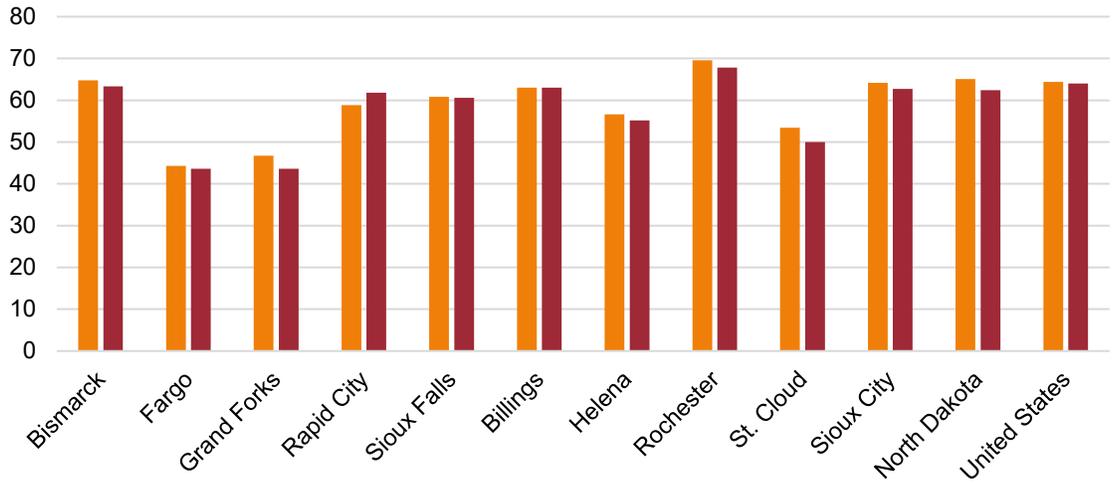
Percent of Housing Units Vacant



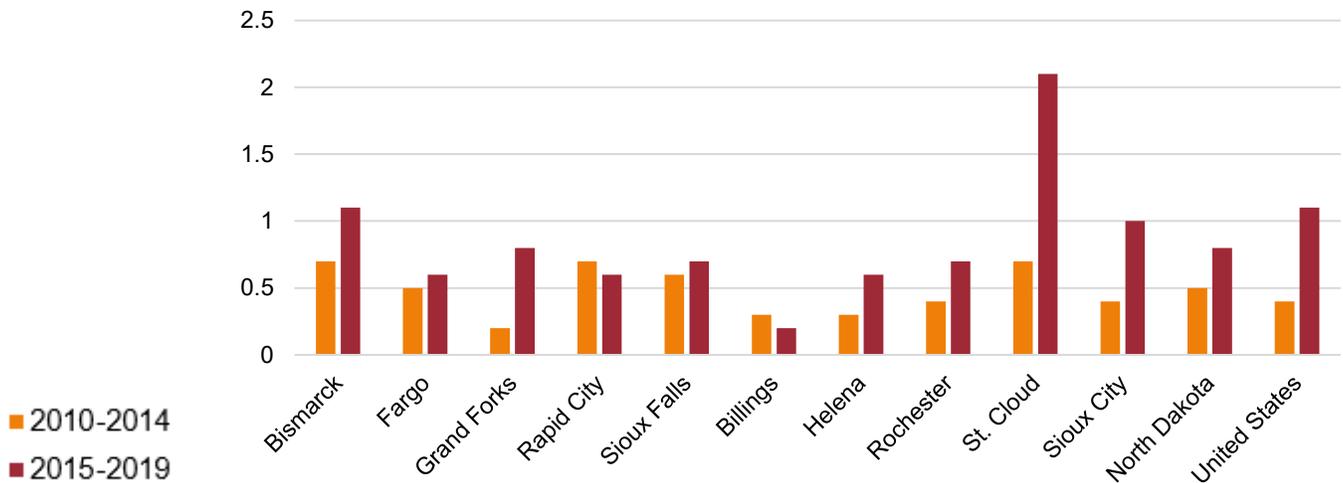
Percent Housing Units that Single-Family Detached



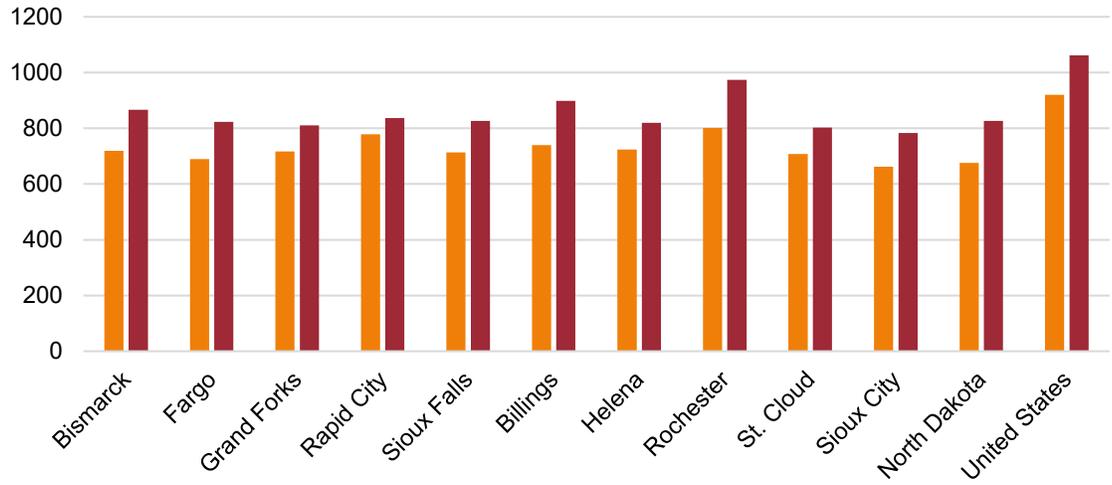
Percent Housing Units that are Owner-Occupied



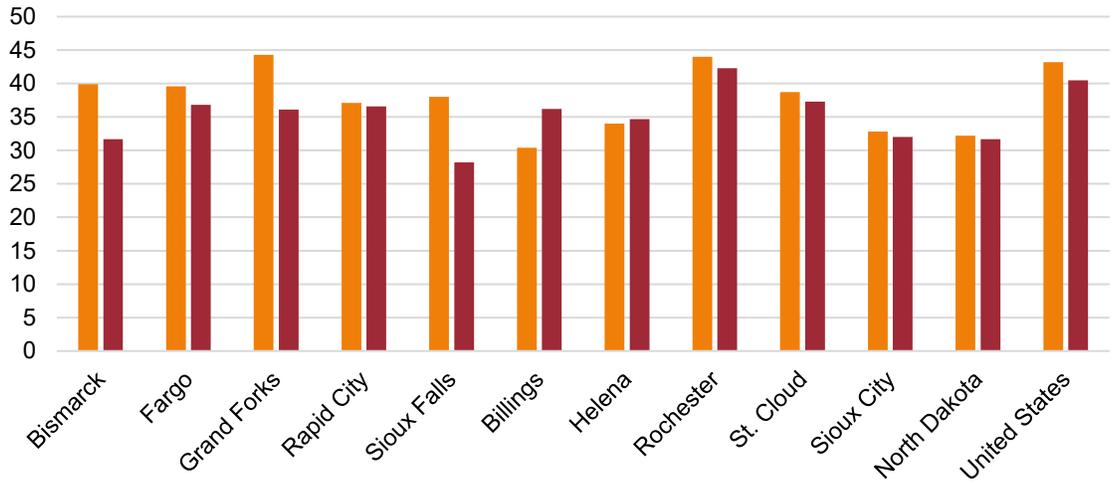
Percent Overcrowded (More than 1.5 people per room)



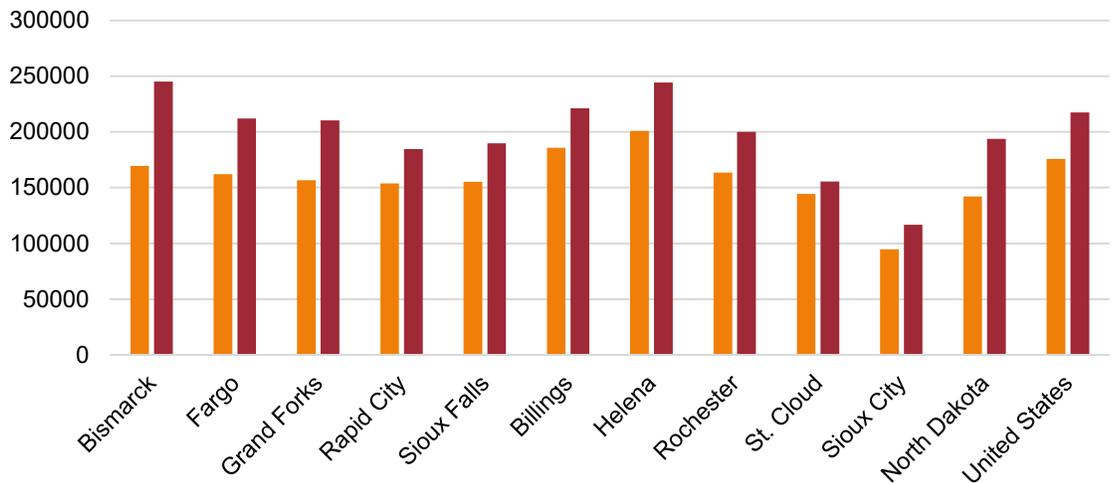
Median Rent



Percent of Renters Paying 35% or More of Income on Rent



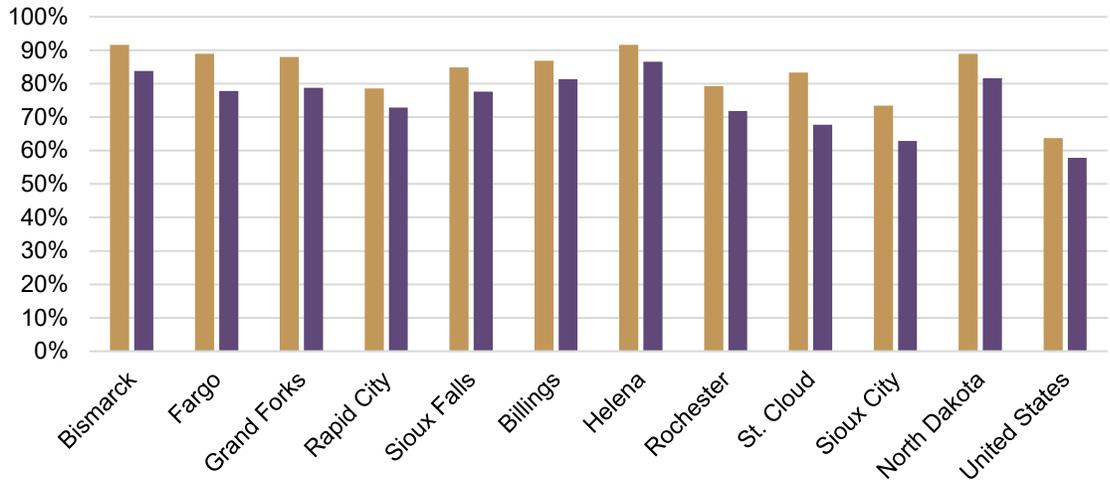
Median Home Value of Owner-Occupied Home



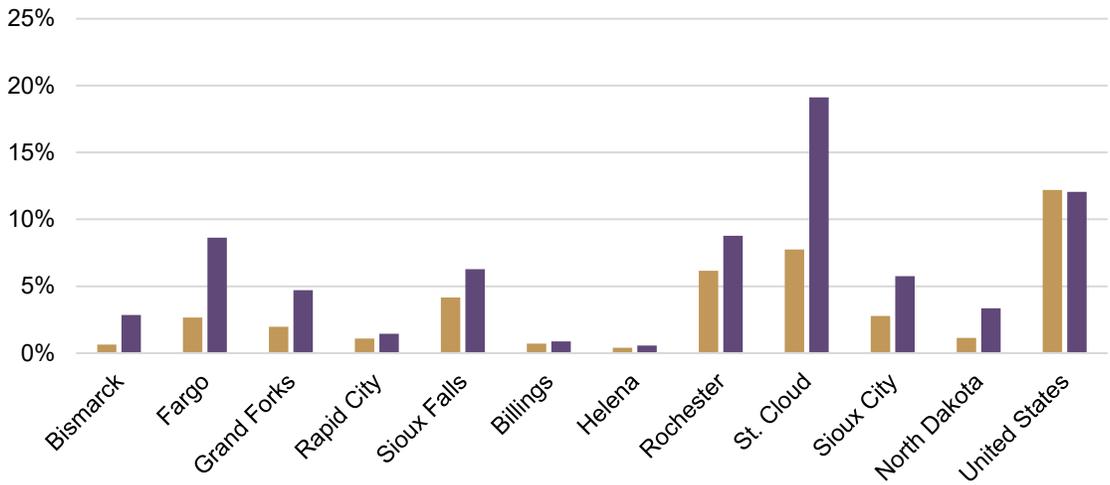
■ 2010-2014
■ 2015-2019

Race

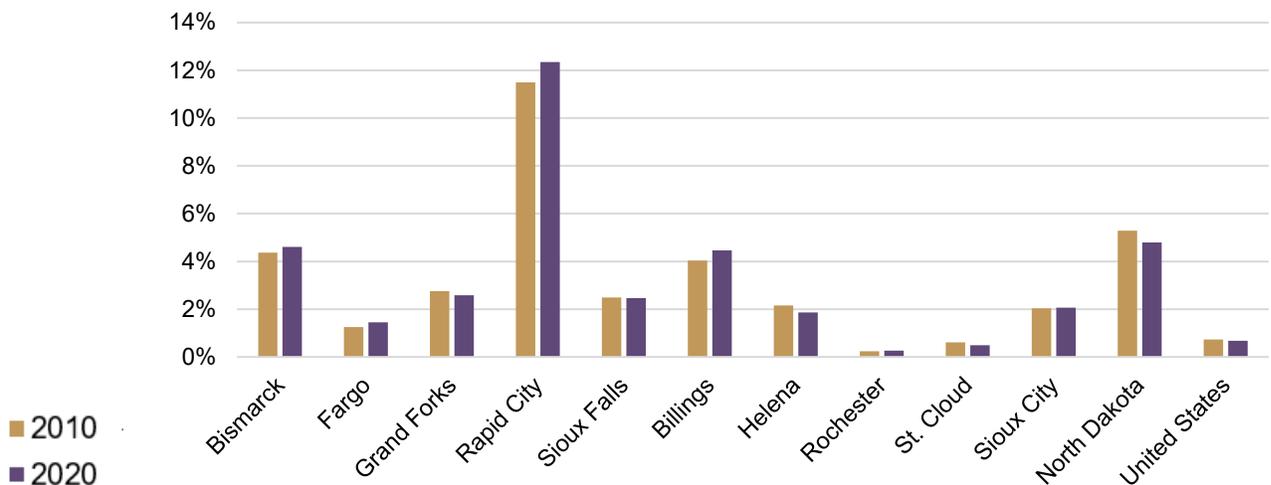
Percent Population White Alone



Percent Population Black or African American Alone

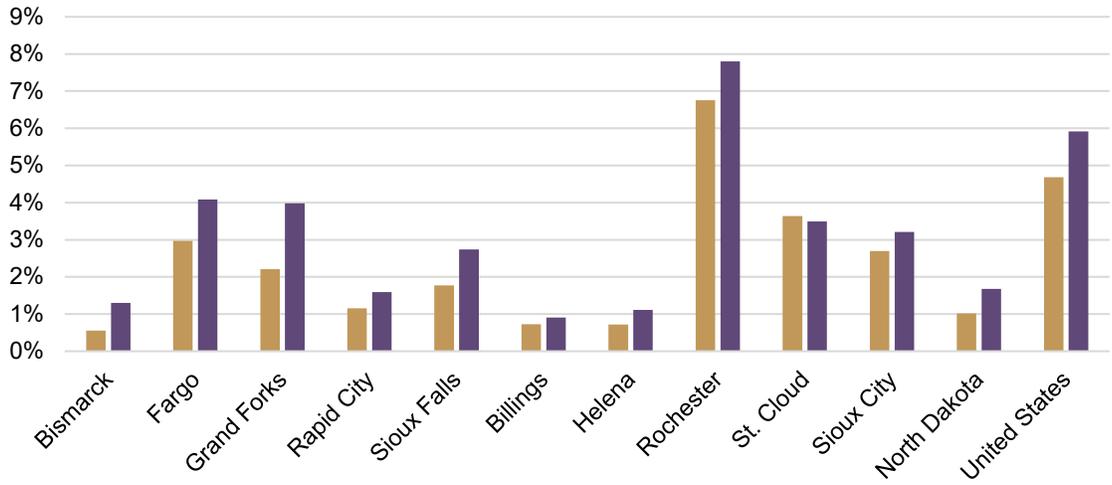


Percent Population American Indian or Alaska Native Alone

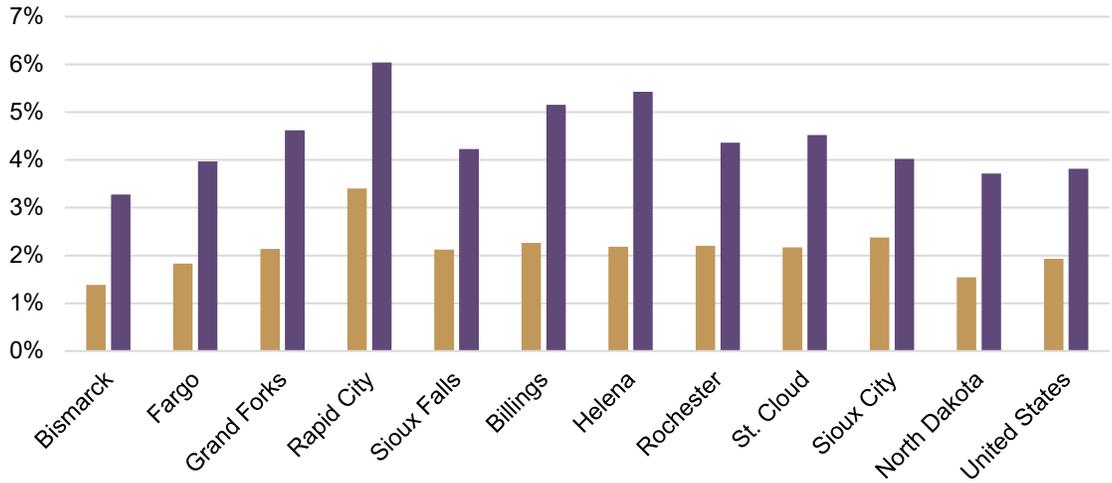


■ 2010
■ 2020

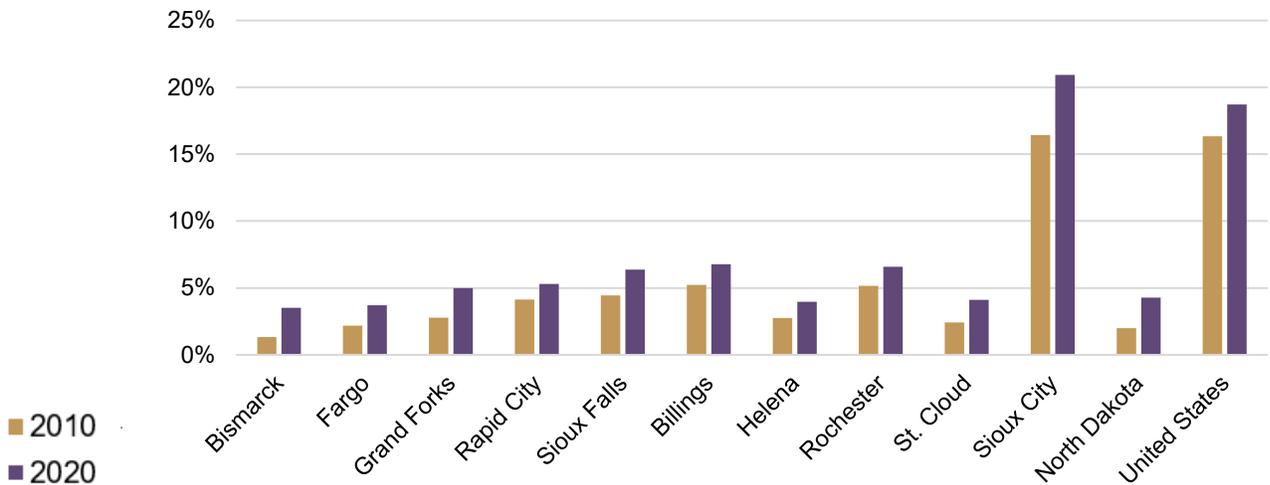
Percent Population Asian Alone



Percent Population Two or More Races



Percent Population Hispanic or Latino (of all races)



■ 2010
■ 2020

Percentage of Workforce within Selected Industries

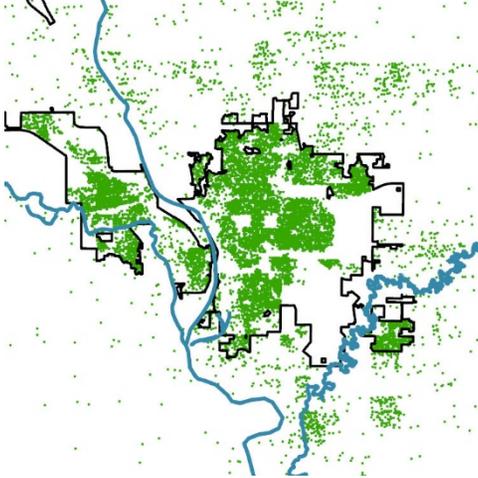
Top percentage among peers shaded green. Bottom percentage among peers shaded grey.

2015-2019	Bismarck	Fargo	Grand Forks	Rapid City	Sioux Falls	Billings	Helena	Rochester	St. Cloud	Sioux City
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	1.2%	1.0%	2.0%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	1.4%	1.0%	0.5%	1.1%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	1.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.0%	1.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Construction	8.0%	6.5%	5.8%	7.3%	6.8%	7.7%	4.3%	3.1%	4.1%	7.1%
Manufacturing	4.2%	9.0%	5.9%	5.8%	11.0%	4.4%	3.5%	7.5%	12.3%	18.2%
Wholesale trade	3.3%	3.4%	2.7%	2.4%	3.3%	3.3%	0.9%	1.3%	2.0%	2.9%
Retail trade	11.4%	11.9%	15.6%	13.4%	11.9%	11.2%	9.3%	9.8%	15.5%	13.2%
Transportation and warehousing	3.5%	3.4%	4.1%	3.1%	3.0%	5.5%	1.4%	2.4%	3.8%	4.4%
Utilities	2.6%	0.4%	0.3%	1.3%	0.3%	0.6%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%
Information	1.7%	1.0%	1.0%	1.3%	2.0%	2.3%	2.6%	1.9%	1.6%	1.3%
Finance and insurance	4.1%	6.5%	2.9%	5.7%	9.7%	4.8%	5.6%	1.9%	4.0%	4.2%
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.9%	1.4%	1.7%	2.3%	1.1%	1.5%	0.8%
Professional, scientific, and technical services	5.5%	6.6%	3.1%	4.7%	4.8%	6.0%	8.8%	5.2%	3.3%	3.3%
Management of companies and enterprises	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Administrative and support and waste management services	2.5%	2.9%	2.5%	4.0%	3.5%	3.9%	2.2%	2.3%	3.4%	3.8%
Educational services	7.7%	8.9%	16.1%	7.8%	6.6%	7.0%	9.4%	7.7%	11.5%	8.8%
Health care and social assistance	19.7%	19.1%	19.0%	15.8%	19.0%	18.8%	14.3%	39.4%	17.8%	13.0%
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.8%	1.8%	2.0%	2.5%	2.4%	2.3%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Accommodation and food services	6.9%	8.9%	7.8%	11.5%	6.6%	8.8%	9.1%	6.9%	10.0%	8.1%
Other services, except public administration	4.3%	3.9%	3.6%	5.2%	4.3%	5.2%	5.0%	4.1%	4.8%	4.6%
Public administration	8.3%	3.0%	3.9%	4.7%	2.4%	4.2%	17.8%	2.4%	2.1%	3.1%

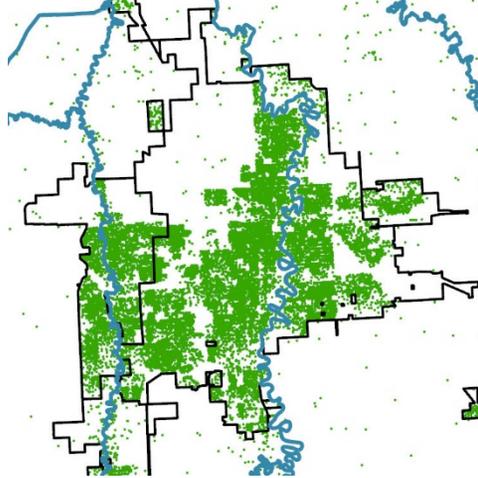
Population Distribution

2020 Census block-level data, with city limits at the time of census count shown. Each dot is 10 people, and the scale of all maps is 1:400,000

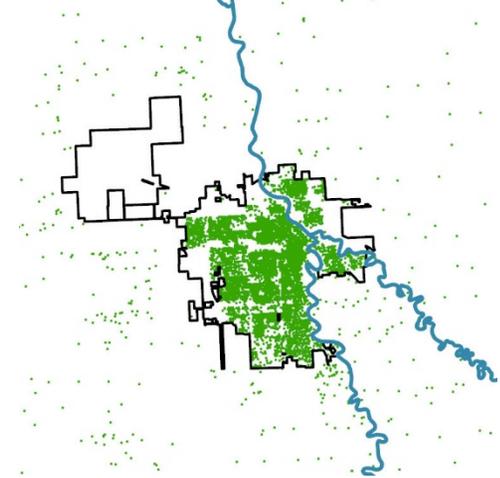
Bismarck



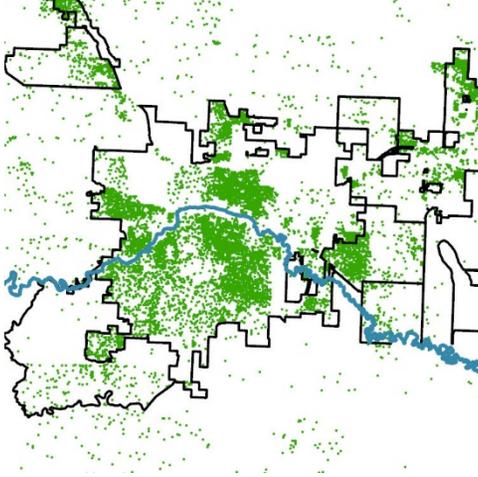
Fargo



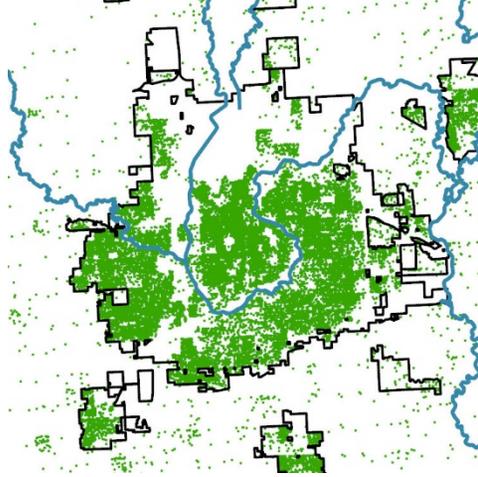
Grand Forks



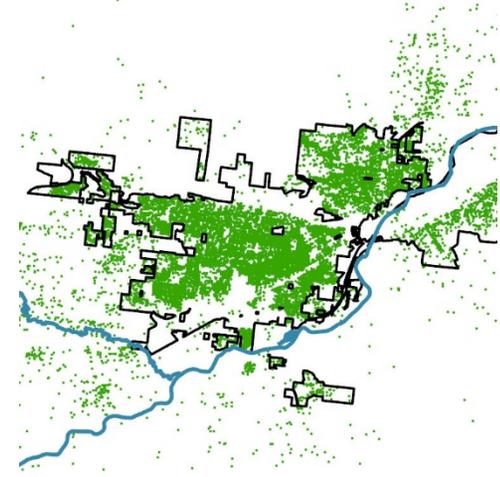
Rapid City



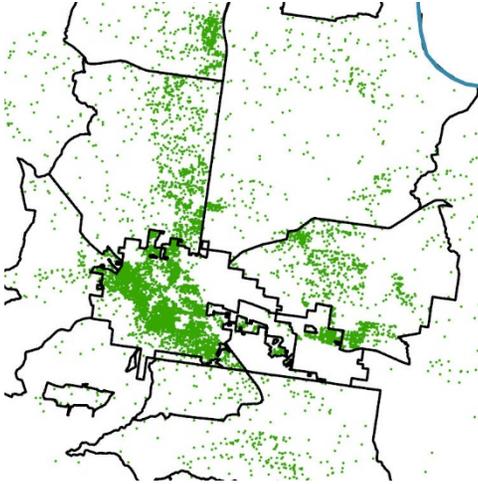
Sioux Falls



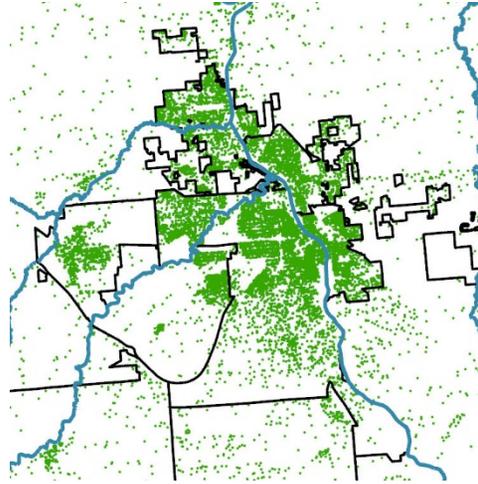
Billings



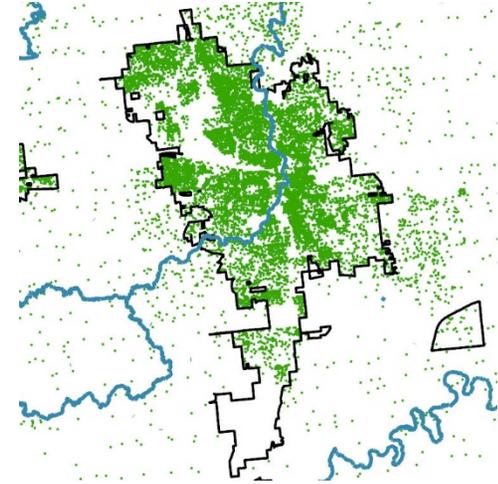
Helena



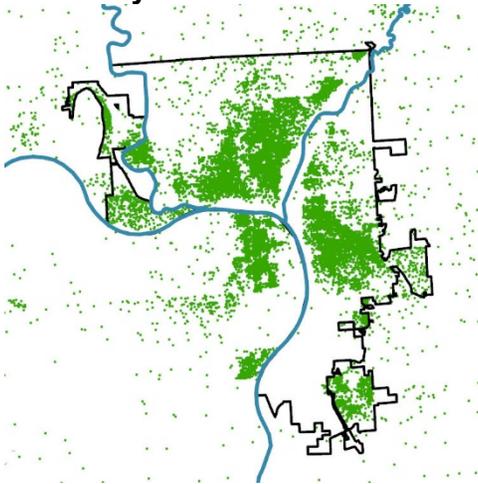
St. Cloud



Rochester



Sioux City



Summary of Findings

Bismarck had the second highest rate of population growth among peers since 2010, at 1.85% per year. Bismarck has become slightly denser since 2010 and is just over average density among peers. Bismarck’s population is relatively aged and slowly growing more so, ranking third among peers.

Bismarck household incomes have grown in recent years, continuing to be the second highest among peers. Likewise, Bismarck continues to have the lowest percentage of households in poverty, at 9.2%. Rents in Bismarck are average, but median homes values are the highest among peers. Fewer renters are paying high proportions of their income than in the past. Bismarck and other North Dakota cities have fewer single-family homes. Bismarck workers put the most hours into their jobs among peers. Bismarck workers overwhelmingly own vehicles and drive alone to work, the highest rates among peers, and all peers enjoy relatively short commutes compared to the national average. Bismarck has the highest share of construction and extraction industry jobs among peers and ranks second in public administration.

Bismarck has the highest percentage of the population born in-state, has the third least mobile population, and has among the lowest percentage of non-English speakers among peers. Outside of Montana, Bismarck is the least racially diverse city among peers, although has grown more so since 2010.